

Stillwater Veterinary Clinic

First Aid Kit

Instructions

*For problems encountered in the field or on a hunting trip—
many of these procedures need to be followed up by a check at
a veterinarian's office*

*FOR USE ONLY ON YOUR OWN DOG
(State law prohibits treatment of pets other than your own)*

651.439.3200

Things to add to the kit that you may already have at home

- *Nail trimmer*
- *Pedialyte or other “rehydration packets”*
- *OTC skin ointments / creams (Bacitracin / Neosporin)*
- *First Aid Book for Pets*
- *Super Glue*
- *Instant “Cold” Pack*

*Stillwater Veterinary Clinic
2020 Curve Crest Boulevard W
Stillwater, MN 55082
651-439-3200
info@stillwaterveterinaryclinic.com*



I. EYE PROBLEMS

- if possible foreign body or scratch/ulcer (squinting, rubbing at eye) **seek immediate medical attention from a veterinarian.**
- if slight redness or a mild discharge only.... Clean using the eye wash and place 1 drop of the "i-drops" into the affected eye twice daily. (lubricating and soothing)

II. EAR PROBLEMS

- clean affected ear with the Triz-Ultra Keto solution, massaging the ear canal to loosen up debris and using the cotton balls and Q-tips to soak up the fluid and remove the debris. Do this daily until your dog can be seen by a veterinarian.

III. SMALL/SUPERFICIAL LACERATION

- if a "paper-cut" – clean, dry, use the super glue – apply to cut edge, hold together.
- if a larger laceration (but not deeper than the skin) -clean out the debris (including hair) using the Nolvasan antiseptic diluted with water. Rinse with sterile saline. Dry the area.
- using the thumb forceps (tweezers) align the edges of the skin into the proper position and using the skin stapler, place staples. Use the staple remover to remove any improperly placed staples.

**AVOID PLACING STAPLES INTO BLOOD VESSELS, JOINT CAPSULES OR ANY OTHER ANATOMIC STRUCTURE OTHER THAN SKIN.
DO NOT USE NEAR EYES!**

- to bandage – over DRY skin, place layers of: telfa pad with Silver Sulfadine ointment or antibiotic ointment on it, rolled cotton, vet wrap (no chew), being careful not to put on too tight. Always watch for swelling of the toes – if that occurs, the bandage is too tight. Keep the bandage dry (plastic bag, footie, Press 'N Seal, etc.) remembering that a wet bandage is worse than no bandage.
- check area daily and change bandage. Bring to a veterinarian if it starts to look infected. Staples usually removed at 10-12 days.

IV. SKIN ABRASIONS

- to decrease bleeding and clean... apply the Collasate dressing gel (grey box).
- dry and apply skin ointment – silver sulfadiazine and then bandage as above.

V. BLEEDING

- apply pressure and/or the blood stop powder / Collasate dressing gel. Seek medical attention if severe or persistent.

VI. SKUNK SPRAY

- get the following and mix up a fresh solution (do not store):
 - 1 quart hydrogen peroxide
 - ¼ cup baking soda
 - 1 teaspoon liquid soap
- rub mixture into affected area and then rinse thoroughly

VII. TORN NAIL

- pull off loose part with the hemostat tool, stop the bleeding with quick stop/ collasate dressing gel/ pressure.
- clean, dry and bandage. Bring to vet within 3 days.

VIII. COLLAPSE

- take temperature, if greater than 105, cool the body down, monitoring the temp.
- stop cooling procedures once it gets to 103.5.
- give Karo Syrup orally – can apply to the gum tissue and it will still get absorbed.
 - a 60 pound dog should start with about 15 mls.

BRING TO A VETERINARIAN'S OFFICE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE

IX. POISON INGESTION: (non-irritating kinds, such as chocolate, grapes, antifreeze, rat/ mouse poison)

- induce vomiting : using the syringe, give about 20 - 30 mls of the 3% hydrogen peroxide/60 lb dog, orally.
- can repeat every 10 to 15 minutes, twice, if needed.

*****do not induce vomiting if the dog can not swallow/ is collapsed/ it has been longer than 2 hours since ingestion*****

PET POISON CONTROL HOTLINE : 800-213-6680 www.petpoisonhelpline.com

X. ALLERGIC REACTION:

- if severe, seek medical attention immediately.
- if mild, use Benadryl – 1 mg per pound (50 -60 lb dog gets 50 mg per dose), orally, up to 3 times daily.

XI. DIARRHEA:

- make sure he/she stays hydrated
- feed a bland diet – rice and chicken or rice and hamburger (no fat), feed frequent small meals.